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1. Introduction

The Coega Special Economic Zone (SEZ) was designated in 2001 and became South Africa's first SEZ. It is located in the Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality in the Eastern Cape province, and it is strategically located on the east-west trade route to service both African and global markets. The Coega SEZ leverages public-sector investment to attract foreign and domestic direct investment in the manufacturing sector with an export orientation. The SEZ has attracted investment in the agro-processing, automotive, aquaculture, energy, metals, logistics and business process services sectors. This has advanced socioeconomic development in the Eastern Cape region through skills development, technology transfer and job creation.

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) partnered with the Coega Special Economic Zone to conduct a survey of the zone's residents. The main objectives of the study were to determine:

- number of employees;
- value of imports and exports;
- expenditure on investments; and
- employment levels per skills category.

The data collected are published at aggregated levels and all care was taken to preserve confidentiality in terms of section 17 of the Statistics Act, 1999 (Act No. 6 of 1999).

2. Summary of findings for the year 2024

2.1 Income

Table A – Number of enterprises in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Table B – Income in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

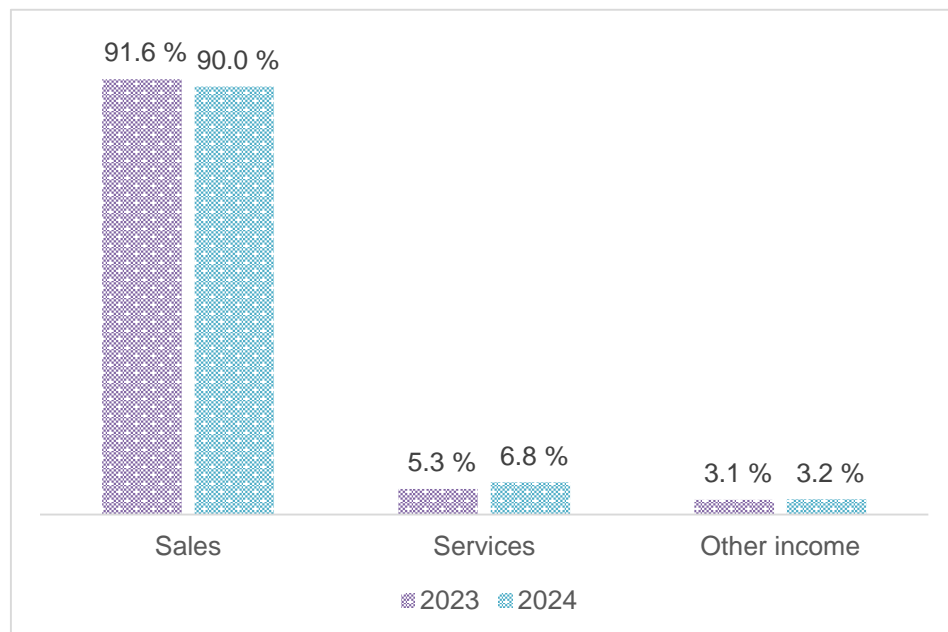
Type of activity	2023		2024		Type of activity	2023		2024		% change
	Number of enterprises	% contribution	Number of enterprises	% contribution		R million	% contribution	R million	% contribution	
Manufacturing	15	34,9	17	37,0	Manufacturing	13 865	73,2	17 583	70,2	26,8
Non-manufacturing	28	65,1	29	63,0	Non-manufacturing	5 070	26,8	7 459	29,8	47,1
Total	43	100,0	46	100,0	Total	18 935	100,0	25 042	100,0	32,3

The total number of tenants reporting in the Coega Special Economic Zone in 2024 was 46, this represents an increase of three enterprises when compared to 2023 (43 enterprises). There were more 'non-manufacturing' enterprises (29 or 63,0%) compared to 'manufacturing' enterprises (17 or 37,0%).

The total income in the Coega Special Economic Zone in 2024 was R25 042 million. The total income had an increase of 32,2% over the income reported in the corresponding survey of 2023 (R18 935 million).

Between 2023 and 2024, 'manufacturing' decreased by 3,0 percentage points from a contribution of 73,2% in 2023 to 70,2% in 2024.

Figure 1 – Composition of income in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024



The income in the Coega Special Economic Zone was composed mainly of 'sales of goods on the graph' in both 2023 and 2024. However, 'services' increased from 5,3% in 2023 to 6,8% in 2024 (Figure 1 and Table 4, page 13).

2.2 Employment

Table C – Employment by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June, 2023 and 2024

Total employees (excluding employees employed through labour brokers)					
Type of activity	2023		2024		% change
	Number	% contribution	Number	% contribution	
Manufacturing	3 550	58,4	3 915	59,4	10,3
Non-manufacturing	2 529	41,6	2 679	40,6	5,9
Sub-total	6 079	100,0	6 594	100,0	8,5
Employees employed through labour brokers)					
Manufacturing	2 029	81,2	1 933	59,5	-4,7
Non-manufacturing	469	18,8	1 315	40,5	180,4
Sub-total	2 498	100,0	3 248	100,0	30,0
Total	8 577		9 842		14,7

The total number of persons employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers) in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2024 was 6 594. Manufacturing employed the largest number of persons (3 915 or 59,4%).

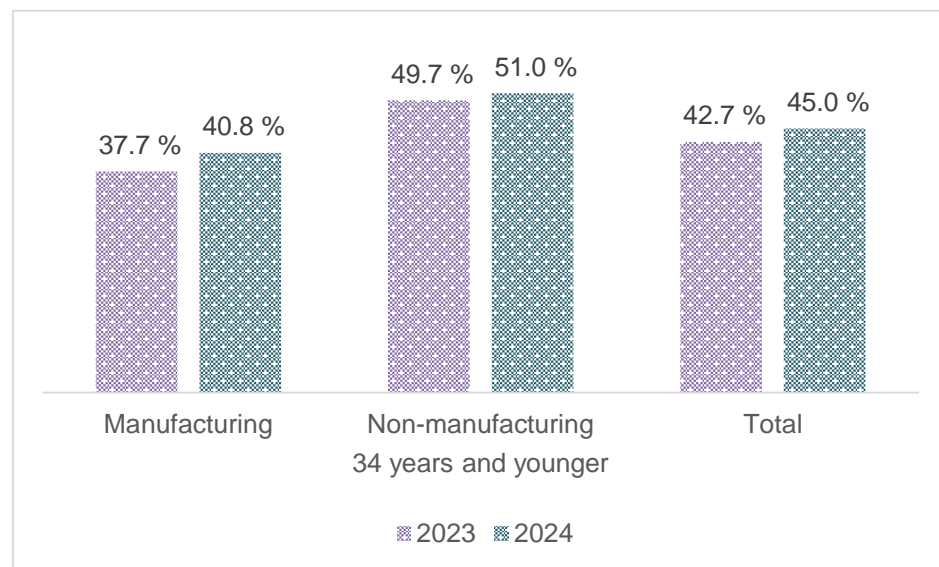
Employment increased by 8,5% (or 515 jobs) in 2024 compared with the 2023. Non-manufacturing gained 150 jobs between the two periods.

Table D – Employment by gender in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June, 2023 and 2024

Gender	2023		2024		% change
	Number	% contribution	Number	% contribution	
Female employees	2 334	38,4	2 547	38,6	9,1
Male employees	3 745	61,6	4 047	61,4	8,1
Total	6 079	100,0	6 594	100,0	8,5

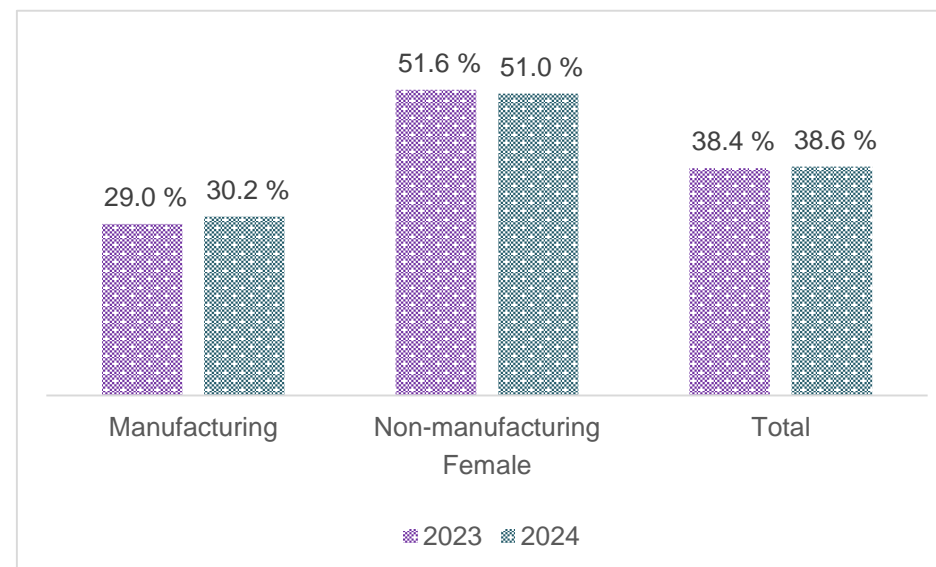
The Coega Special Economic Zone employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers) more males than females in both 2023 and 2024. The proportion of females increased from 38,4% in 2023 to 38,6% in 2024.

Figure 2 – Age ratios of employees in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024



In 2024, the proportion of youth out of the total number of persons employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers) was 45,0% in the Coega Special Economic Zone (an increase of 2,3 percentage share compared to 2023). The type of activity with the highest proportion of employees 34 years and younger was 'non-manufacturing' (51,0%) (Figure 2 and Table 17, page 20).

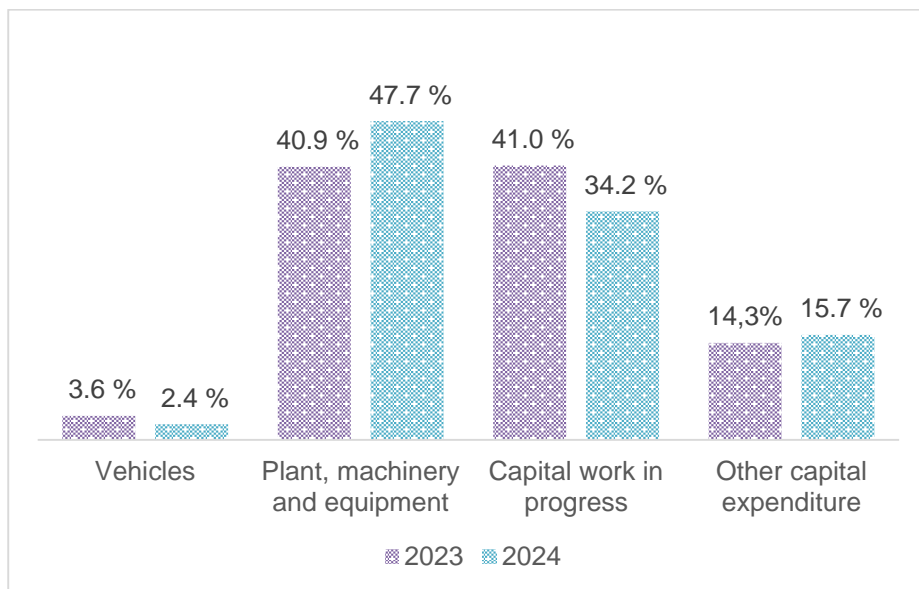
Figure 3 – Gender ratios of employees in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024



Out of the total number of persons employed (excluding employees employed through labour brokers), the proportion of females was 38,6% in 2024 (an increase of 0,2 percentage share compared to 2023). The type of activity with the highest proportion of female employees was 'non-manufacturing' (51,0%) in 2024 (Figure 3 and Table 16, page 19).

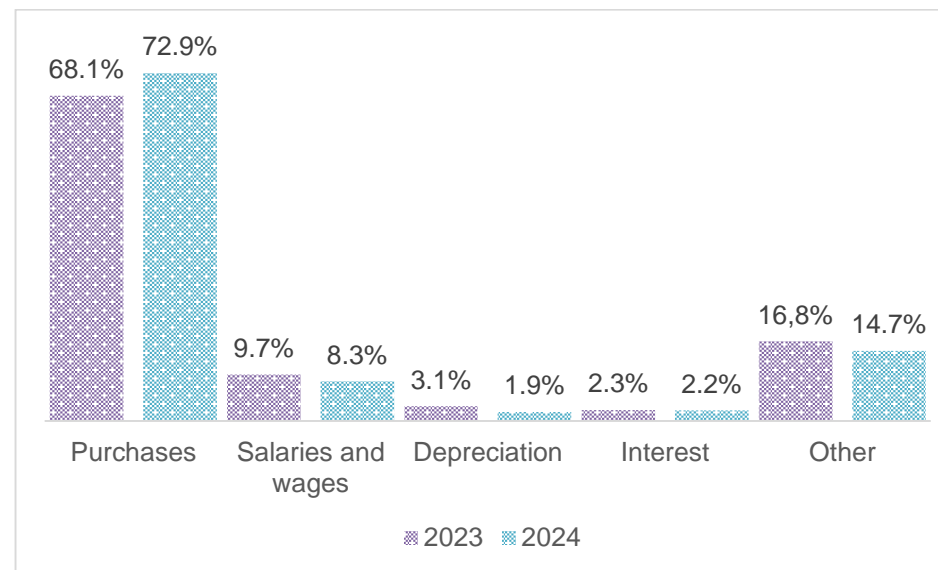
2.3 Expenditure

Figure 4 – Capital expenditure on new assets in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024



The total capital expenditure on new assets in the Coega Special Economic Zone for 2024 was R935 million compared to R558 million in 2023 (an increase of 29,4%). The largest categories of capital expenditure were 'plant, machinery and equipment' (R446 million or 47,7%) and 'capital work in progress' (R320 million or 34,3%) (Figure 4, Table 14 and Table 15, pages 18 and 19).

Figure 5 – Expenditure in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024



Total expenditure in the Coega Special Economic Zone in 2024 was R24 288 million compared with R17 856 million in 2023 (an increase of 36,0%). The largest contributors to the total expenditure were 'purchases' (R17 701 million or 72,9%), 'salaries and wages' (R2 013 million or 8,3%) and 'interest' (R542 million or 2,2%) (Figure 5 and Table 6, page 14).

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3. Tables

Table 1 – Principal statistics in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Items	2023	2024*	% change
	R million		
Total income	18 935	25 042	32,3
Total expenditure	17 856	24 288	36,0
Total value of opening inventory	2 185	2 110	-3,4
Total value of closing inventory	2 132	2 794	31,1
Net profit before tax	1 026	1 436	40,0
Carrying value of assets at the end of financial year	8 128	8 791	8,2
Capital expenditure on new assets	558	935	67,6
Salaries and wages	1 726	2 013	16,6
Total employees (including employees employed through labour brokers)	Number of employees		% change
	8 577	9 842	14,7

* Preliminary.

Table 2 – Principal statistics by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Total income	Total expenditure	Total value of opening inventory	Total value of closing inventory	Net profit before tax	Total expenditure on new assets
	R million					
Manufacturing	17 583	17 792	1 775	2 431	446	739
Non-manufacturing	7 459	6 496	335	363	991	196
Total	25 042	24 288	2 110	2 794	1 437	935

* Preliminary.

Table 3 – Profit margin by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Type of activity	Turnover			Net profit after tax		Profit margin**	
	2023	2024*	% change	2023	2024*	2023	2024*
	R million			R million		%	
Manufacturing	13 493	17 129	26,9	88	302	0,7	1,8
Non-manufacturing	5 011	7 274	45,2	520	835	10,4	11,5
Total	18 504	24 403	31,9	608	1 137	3,3	4,7

** Net profit after tax divided by turnover multiplied by 100.

* Preliminary.

Table 4 – Income in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Income items	2023	2024*	2023	2024*	% change
	R million		% contribution to total		
Sales	17 345	22 553	91,6	90,1	30,0
Services	1 011	1 695	5,3	6,8	67,7
Other income	579	794	3,1	3,1	37,1
Total income	18 935	25 042	100	100	32,3

* Preliminary.

Table 5 – Income by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Sales	Services	Other income	Total income
	R million			
Manufacturing	17 092	3	488	17 583
Non-manufacturing	5 461	1 692	306	7 459
Total	22 553	1 695	794	25 042

* Preliminary.

Table 6 – Expenditure in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Expenditure items	2023	2024*	2023	2024*	% change
	R million		% contribution to total		
Purchases	12 164	17 701	68,1	72,9	45,5
Salaries and wages	1 726	2 013	9,7	8,3	16,6
Logistics and transport-out	312	512	1,7	2,1	64,1
Depreciation	551	471	3,1	1,9	-14,5
Interest	419	542	2,3	2,2	29,4
Subcontractors	96	95	0,5	0,4	-1,0
Other expenditure	2 588	2 954	14,5	12,2	14,1
Total expenditure	17 856	24 288	100	100	36,0

* Preliminary.

Table 7 – Expenditure by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Purchases	Salaries and wages	Logistics and transport-out	Depreciation	Interest	Subcontractors	Other expenditure	Total expenditure
	R million							
Manufacturing	13 063	1 346	439	358	211	22	2 353	17 792
Non-manufacturing	4 638	667	73	113	331	73	601	6 496
Total	17 701	2 013	512	471	542	95	2 954	24 288

* Preliminary.

Table 8 – Carrying value of assets at the end of the financial year in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Year	Computers, network and other IT equipment	Motor vehicles and other transport equipment	Land, buildings, construction, plant, machinery & other office equipment	Other assets	Total carrying value of fixed assets
	R million				
2023	15	67	6 378	1 669	8 128
2024*	18	67	6 850	1 855	8 791
% change	20,0	0,0	7,4	11,1	8,2

* Preliminary.

Table 9 – Carrying value of assets by type of activity as at the end of the financial year in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Computers, network and other IT equipment	Motor vehicles and other transport equipment	Land, buildings, construction, plant, machinery & other office equipment	Other assets	Total carrying value of fixed assets
	R million				
Manufacturing	11	36	3 861	1 664	5 572
Non-manufacturing	7	31	2 989	192	3 219
Total	18	67	6 850	1 856	8 791

* Preliminary.

Table 10 – Details of assets by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Year	Current assets					Non-current assets			Total assets
	Trade and other receivables	Cash and bank	Inventory	Other current assets	Total current assets	Property, plant and equipment	Other non-current assets	Total non-current assets	
	R million								
2023	4 263	1 351	2 134	332	8 080	8 128	794	8 922	17 002
2024*	5 605	1 965	2 791	1 145	11 506	8 733	878	9 611	21 117
% change	31,5	45,4	30,8	244,9	42,4	7,4	10,6	7,7	24,2

* Preliminary.

Table 11 – Details of assets by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Year	Current assets					Non-current assets			Total assets
	Trade and other receivables	Cash and bank	Inventory	Other current assets	Total current assets	Property, plant and equipment	Other non-current assets	Total non-current assets	
	R million								
Manufacturing	4 791	1 528	2 429	1 073	9 821	5 544	747	6 291	16 112
Non-manufacturing	815	437	362	71	1 685	3 189	131	3 320	5 005
Total	5 606	1 965	2 791	1 144	11 506	8 733	878	9 611	21 117

* Preliminary.

Table 12 – Details of liabilities and equity by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Year	Current liabilities				Non-current liabilities			Owners' equity	Equity and liabilities
	Trade and other payables	Bank overdraft	Other current liabilities	Total current liabilities	Long-term investments	Other non-current assets	Total non-current liabilities		
	R million								
2023	7 027	101	2 444	9 572	2 809	1 212	4 021	3 409	17 002
2024*	8 327	59	3 321	11 707	2 920	1 628	4 548	4 862	21 117
% change	18,5	- 41,6	35,9	22,3	4,0	34,3	13,1	42,6	24,2

* Preliminary.

Table 13 – Details of liabilities and equity by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Current liabilities				Non-current liabilities			Owners' equity	Equity and liabilities
	Trade and other payables	Bank overdraft	Other current liabilities	Total current liabilities	Long-term investments	Other non-current assets	Total non-current liabilities		
	R million								
Manufacturing	7 676	59	2 994	10 729	501	1 048	1 549	3 834	16 112
Non-manufacturing	651	0	327	978	2 419	580	2 999	1 028	5 005
Total	8 327	59	3 321	11 707	2 920	1 628	4 548	4 862	21 117

* Preliminary.

Table 14 – Capital expenditure on new assets in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Year	Vehicles	Plant, machinery and equipment	Capital work in progress	Other capital expenditure	Total expenditure on new assets
	R million				
2023	20	228	229	81	558
2024*	22	446	320	147	935
% change	10,0	95,6	39,7	81,5	67,6

* Preliminary.

Table 15 – Capital expenditure on new assets by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Vehicles	Plant, machinery and equipment	Capital work in progress	Other capital expenditure	Total expenditure on new assets
	R million				
Manufacturing	9	348	247	135	739
Non-manufacturing	13	98	73	12	196
Total	22	446	320	147	935

* Preliminary.

Table 16 – Details of employment by type of activity and sex in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2024*

	Employees employed directly by the business							Employees employed through labour brokers	Total employees
	Permanent employees			Working proprietors, temporary and casual			Total		
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total			
	Number of employees								
Manufacturing	968	2 379	3 347	214	354	568	3 915	1 933	5 848
Non-manufacturing	1 312	1 082	2 394	53	232	285	2 679	1 315	3 994
Total	2 280	3 461	5 741	267	586	853	6 594	3 248	9 842

* Preliminary.

Table 17 – Details of employment by type of activity and age in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2024*

Type of activity	Employees employed directly by the business							Employees employed through labour brokers	Total employees
	Permanent employees			Working proprietors, temporary and casual			Total		
	34 years and younger	35 years and older	Total	34 years and younger	35 years and older	Total			
	Number of employees								
Manufacturing	1 146	2 202	3 348	453	114	567	3 915	1 933	5 848
Non-manufacturing	1 211	1 182	2 393	155	131	286	2 679	1 315	3 994
Total	2 357	3 384	5 741	608	245	853	6 594	3 248	9 842

* Preliminary.

Table 18 – Details of employment by occupational group and gender in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2024*

Occupational group	Employees employed directly by the business						Total employees
	Permanent employees			Working proprietors, temporary and casual			
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	
	Number of employees						
Managers	87	195	282	6	18	24	306
Professionals, associated professionals and technicians	1 049	942	1 991	41	42	83	2 074
Clerical support workers, service and sales workers	444	442	886	53	65	118	1 004
Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers, craft and related trades workers, plant and machinery operators, assemblers and elementary occupations	700	1 882	2 582	167	461	628	3 210
Total	2 280	3 461	5 741	267	586	853	6 594

* Preliminary.

Table 19 – Details of employment by occupational group and age in the Coega Special Economic Zone as at the end of June 2024*

Occupational group	Employees employed directly by the business						Total employees
	Permanent employees			Working proprietors, temporary and casual			
	34 years and younger	35 years and older	Total	34 years and younger	35 years and older	Total	
	Number of employees						
Managers	46	236	282	7	17	24	306
Professionals, associated professionals and technicians	913	1 078	1 991	59	24	83	2 074
Clerical support workers, service and sales workers	383	503	886	63	55	118	1 004
Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers, craft and related trades workers, plant and machinery operators, assemblers and elementary occupations	1 015	1 567	2 582	479	149	628	3 210
Total	2 357	3 384	5 741	608	245	853	6 594

* Preliminary.

Table 20 – Selected expenditure items in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Purchases			Admin and management fees			Subcontractor		
	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total
	R million								
Manufacturing	5 447	7 616	13 063	28	125	153	1	21	22
Non-manufacturing	378	4 260	4 638	6	15	21	-	73	73
Total	5 825	11 876	17 701	34	140	174	1	94	95

* Preliminary.

Table 20 – Selected expenditure items in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 (concluded)*

Type of activity	Other selected expenditure items			Total of selected expenditure items***		
	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total	Imported	Sourced domestically	Total
	R million					
Manufacturing	15	423	438	5 491	8 185	13 676
Non-manufacturing	0	140	140	384	4 488	4 872
Total	15	563	578	5 875	12 673	18 548

* Preliminary.

*** Selected expenditure items are 'purchases', 'admin and management fees', 'subcontractor', 'leasing and hiring of plant, machinery, equipment and vehicles', 'repair and maintenance', 'containers and packing materials' and 'total paper printing and stationery'.

Table 21 – Selected income items in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2023 and 2024

Year	Goods and services exported or sold to domestic exporters	Goods and services sold to other domestic enterprises	Total
	R million		
2023	4 732	13 621	18 353
2024*	5 484	18 905	24 389
% change	15,9	38,8	32,9

* Preliminary.

Table 22 – Selected income items in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Goods and services exported or sold to domestic exporters	Goods and services sold to other domestic enterprises	Total
	R million		
Manufacturing	5 205	11 889	17 094
Non-manufacturing	279	7 016	7 295
Total	5 484	18 905	24 389

* Preliminary.

Table 23 – Information and communication technology usage by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024*

Type of activity	Use computer	Use internet	Use internet banking	Have web page	Receive orders over internet	Place orders over internet
	%					
Manufacturing	100,0	100,0	88,2	100,0	47,1	53,3
Non-manufacturing	100,0	100,0	86,2	91,3	58,6	60,7
Total	100,0	100,0	87,0	91,3	54,3	59,5

* Preliminary.

Table 23 – Information and communication technology usage by type of activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone, 2024 (concluded)*

Type of activity	Main uses of the internet					Internet connection speed		IT outsourced
	Email	Information services	Business promotions (advertising)	E-commerce	Other	Narrow band	Broadband	
	%							
Manufacturing	100,0	76,5	41,2	17,6	23,5	0,0	100,0	47,1
Non-manufacturing	100,0	65,5	31,0	27,6	3,4	0,0	100,0	51,7
Total	100,0	63,8	34,8	20,3	10,9	0,0	100,0	50,0

* Preliminary.

Explanatory notes

Background

The results presented in this publication have been derived from the 2024 Coega Special Economic Zone survey, which measured economic activity in the Coega Special Economic Zone. This survey covers private and public businesses operating in the Coega Special Economic Zone

All figures exclude value-added tax (VAT).

Reference period

The information was collected from businesses for their financial year which ended on any date between 1 July 2023 and 30 June 2024, according to their usual reporting schedules.

Examples:

- 01 October 2022 – 30 September 2023;
- 01 January 2023 – 31 December 2023;
- 01 February 2023 – 31 January 2024;
- 01 March 2023 – 29 February 2024;
- 01 April 2023 – 31 March 2024; and
- 01 July 2023 – 30 June 2024.

Scope and coverage

This survey covers all the tenants within the Coega Special Economic Zone that were active during the period under review.

Classification by industry

The 1993 edition of the *Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities* (SIC), Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 *International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities* (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Each enterprise is classified to an industry which reflects its predominant activity.

Survey methodology and design

The Coega Special Economic Zone survey was conducted mainly through personal visits. Of the 46 businesses that were active, 45 responded to the survey. All businesses were stratified according to type of activity. The collection rate was 97,8%.

Collection rate

Collection rate = ((collected + finalised investigations) / sample size) x 100.

Relative standard error

Data presented in this publication are based on information obtained from a census and are, therefore, not subject to sampling variability; that is, there are no relative standard errors associated with the data.

Non-sampling errors

Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by businesses and errors made in the collection and processing of the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as non-sampling errors. Every effort is made to minimise non-sampling errors by careful design of questionnaires, testing them in pilot studies, editing reported data and implementing efficient operating procedures. Non-sampling errors occur in both sample surveys and censuses.

Rounding-off of figures

The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest final digit shown. There may therefore be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

Symbols and abbreviations

SIC	Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities
SARS	South African Revenue Service
SEZ	Special Economic Zone
SNA	System of National Accounts
Stats SA	Statistics South Africa
VAT	Value added tax
0	Nil or less than half the final digit shown

Glossary

Current assets	Assets that are expected to be turned into cash within one year during the normal course of business. They include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• trade and other receivables;• cash and bank;• inventories; and• other current assets.
Current liabilities	Debts or obligations that are due within one year. They include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• trade and other payables;• bank overdraft; and• other current liabilities.
Employees	Persons employed by a business or organisation and who received payment (in salaries, wages, commission, piece rates or payments in kind) for the last pay period ended on or before 30 June 2024.
Business	A legal entity or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its activities.
Equity	The residual interest in the entity's assets after deducting its liabilities.
Income from rental and leasing	Includes: income from rental and leasing of land, buildings and other structures and income from leasing and hiring of motor vehicles, other transport equipment, plant, machinery and equipment.
Industry	An industry consists of a group of businesses engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the <i>System of National Accounts</i> (SNA) in the same way as in the <i>Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities</i> , Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02 of January 1993 (SIC).
Labour brokers	Labour brokers are agents who recruit and administer workers on behalf of businesses. They do not provide any other service.
Manufacturing	Manufacturing is defined as the physical or chemical transformation of materials or compounds into new products, whether the work is performed by power-driven machines or by hand, whether it is done in a factory or in the worker's home and whether the products are sold wholesale or retail.

Net profit or loss after tax	<p>Net profit or loss after tax is derived as:</p> <p>Net profit or loss before tax minus company tax</p>
Non-manufacturing	<p>Non-manufacturing activities include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • storage and warehousing; • courier activities other than national port office; • wholesale trade; • other business activities n.e.c. (e.g. call centre activities); and • electricity generation, etc.
Net profit or loss before tax	<p>Net profit or loss before tax is derived as:</p> <p>Total income plus closing inventories minus total expenditure minus opening inventories</p>
Non-current assets	<p>Assets which are not easily convertible to cash or not expected to become cash within the next year. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • property, plant and equipment and intangible assets; • long-term investments; and • other non-current assets.
Non-current liabilities	<p>Liabilities not due to be paid within one year during the normal course of business. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • long-term loans; and • other non-current liabilities.
Other expenditure	<p>Includes:</p> <p>administration and management fees; leasing and hiring of plant; amortisation; computer expenditure; bank charges, containers and packaging materials; total paper, printing and stationery; postal and courier services; provisions; research and development; losses on financial and other liabilities; insurance premium; skills development levy; staff training; donations; and other expenditure.</p>

Other income	<p>Includes:</p> <p>Dividends received; government subsidies and incentives; government capital transfers; customs duty received; excise duty received; and other income.</p>
Profit margin	<p>Profit margin is derived as:</p> <p>Net profit or loss after tax <i>divided by</i> turnover <i>multiplied by</i> 100</p>
Statistical unit	<p>A unit about which statistics are tabulated, compiled or published. In this survey it was all enterprises active within the Coega Special Economic Zone.</p>
Turnover	<p>Turnover includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• the value of sales;• amounts received for work done;• amounts received for services rendered;• rent and/or lease payments received for land and buildings;• rent, leasing and hiring received for machinery, vehicles and other equipment; and• mineral rights leases. <p>Turnover excludes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• value added tax (VAT);• net profit or loss on sales or revaluation of fixed assets (including profit or loss on foreign exchange);• export freight charges;• interest received; and• excise duty.

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